Charles Edmund Kendall

The Kendall Family in America

Vancouver, British Columbia
1937
The Kendall Family in America

Dedicated to the Kendall Family at Large

The Kendalls were among the earliest settlers in the New England States. Francis Miles Kendall and Thomas Kendall having settled on a farm at Woburn, Massachusetts, near Boston, in the year 1640 A.D., just 20 years after the Mayflower sailed from England. Francis was born in 1620 A.D., Kent County, England, and married Mary Tidd, also from England, in 1644.

The following records will give the present generations some idea of the history of descent through the American Branch and the Canadian Branch of the family from British Stock. For the early records I am indebted to Laura M. Kendall of Elmhurst, Ill., who at great labor compiled the records, partly from document in the Newberry Library of Chicago, Ill., placed there by Winthrop R. Kendall of Oak Park, Ill., and partly by searching early records in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont.

The later records have been obtained from my Grandfather Isaac Newton Kendall's and my father Dennis Leman Kendall's family Bibles. The latest records have been obtained from the parents and children of the different families mentioned. In some cases the information has been received where dates have not coincided and in these cases I have used my own judgement in placing the date which I think is the correct one, always taking into consideration the average time between births. The name Kendall is of Saxon origin (more Angle than Saxon). Thomas Kendall had daughters but no sons.

There were other Kendalls settled in Maine, one being named Walter Kendall, mentioned as captured in Oct. 12th 1676, by the Indians during King Philips [sic] War, by the historian Belknap, and later in 1688 as Captain Kendall, he was one of the first men killed in Maine in the war between the French and Indians of Canada against the English Colonists of New Hampshire, Maine and Massachusetts. Whether related to Francis and Thomas I have not been able to find out. He was killed by Indians at North Yarmouth, Maine, and was reputed to be the wealthiest and most enterprising man of his time living at Casco Bay, Maine, where Portland City now is. - Charles E. Kendall

Editors’ Note: This genealogy is a transcription of a typewritten transcription of a handwritten manuscript penned by Charles E. Kendall in about 1937. The typewritten transcript, made sometime after 1937, is in the possession of Sarah Cork Henderson of Bel Air, Maryland and is in 8-1/2 x 14 format. It is unclear who did the typing. This transcription was made to present Charles E. Kendall’s work in a more accessible format, as well as to renumber the family members in a consistent manner. There were a number of marginal notes written on Sarah Cork Henderson’s copy, and where of possible importance, have been included in fluted brackets { }. Editors’ comments have been included in square brackets [ ].

The temptation to add missing information has been resisted, especially in the case of Amos Kendall. Aside from moving information from here to there and the already mentioned renumbering, the text is as presented by Charles E. Kendall. — Sarah Cork Henderson, Bel Air, MD, and Kevin Martin, Murray, UT, 2000

Charles E. Kendall, Vancouver, BC, 1937
The Kendall Family in America
Condensed Genealogy of the Kendall Family in America

Isaac Newton Kendall's line
1. Francis had John, Thomas, Samuel and Jacob [2].
2. Jacob had Joseph, Jonathan, Daniel, Ebeneezer, John [3], Hezekiah, Nathan, David, Abraham and Jacob.
4. Temple had Isaac, Zimri, Nathaniel [5], Temple, Jeremiah and James.
8. Dennis Leman had William, Isaac Newton, James, Oren, Henry, Charles, George and Arthur.
[mostly living in Vancouver, B.C.]
9. Isaac Newton had James Oren and Newton.
10. Francis Miles Kendall ma. Dec. 24, 1644 Mary Tidd
    b. -- 1620 at Kent County, England b. -- 1628 at -- England

In his will he calls himself a “miller” and he left half of the mill to John, one quarter to Thomas and one quar-
ter to Samuel. Jacob is not mentioned but if “Kentish” law was followed, as youngest son, would inherit farm
estate.

They had nine children:
i. John Kendall b. July 2, 1646 at Woburn
ii. Thomas Kendall b. Jan. 10, 1649 at Woburn
iii. Mary Kendall b. Jan. 20, 1651 at Woburn
iv. Elizabeth Kendall b. Jan. 15, 1653 at Woburn
vi. Rebecca Kendall b. May 21, 1657 at Woburn
vii. Samuel Kendall b. Mar. 8, 1660 at Woburn
8. viii. Jacob Kendall b. Jan. 25, 1661 at Woburn
ix. Abigail Kendall b. Apr. 6, 1666 at Woburn
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2. **Jacob Kendall**
   - ma. Jan. 2, 1683
   - d. after 1737 at Woburn, Mass.
   - Persis Heywood
   - b. Apr. 24, 1664, Concord, Mass.

They had five children:

- **i. Persis Kendall**
  - b. Aug. 24, 1685 at Woburn; d. before 1715
- **ii. Jacob Kendall**
  - b. Jan. 12, 1687 at Woburn; d. before 1714
- **iii. Joseph Kendall**
  - b. Dec. 17, 1688 at Woburn
- **iv. Jonathan Kendall**
  - b. Nov. 2, 1690 at Woburn
- **v. Daniel Kendall**
  - b. Oct. 23, 1691 at Woburn

Jacob married second time to Alice Temple, Jan. 10, 1694. Alice was the widow of Christopher Temple of Dunstable, Mass., who was killed by Indians. She was the daughter of Joseph Hasell of Concord, New Hampshire, who was also killed by Indians. They had 15 children, making a total of twenty for Jacob.

- **vi. Ebeneezer Kendall**
  - b. 1695 at Woburn; d. before 1710

3. **John Kendall**

   They had six children:

- **i. John Kendall**
  - b. May 5, 1723 at Woburn; d. about Feb. 18, 1809 at Dunstable
- **ii. Zebedee Kendall**
  - b. Mar. 30, 1725 at Woburn
- **iii. Sarah Kendall**
  - b. May 23, 1727 at Dunstable, Mass.
- **iv. Jacob Kendall**
  - b. Aug. 9, 1729 at Dunstable, Mass.; d. Mar. 1809 near Dunstable

Note: It is probable that John, Ebeneezer and Abraham were sent to Dunstable about 1726 as Indian fighters as in 1725 Dunstable district was hard pushed to defend their homes and a large number of the men had been killed by the Indians. John held the rank of Lieutenant. He and his wife Suzanna are buried a little south of the line of Nashua, N.H., in the old burial ground of “Meeting House Hill”. The headstone inscription reads:

Memento Mori “Here lies the body of Lieut. John Kendall who departed from this life July the 27th A.D, 1759, aged 63 years 6 months and 8 days-Few and Evil-Life is a blessing-can’t be sold-The ransom is too high-Justice will ne’er be bribed with gold-That may never die.

4. **Temple Kendall**
   - ma. 1722
   - b. 1700
   - d. June 17, 1766 at Dunstable

They had six children:

- **i. John Kendall**
- **ii. Zebedee Kendall**
  - b. Mar. 30, 1725 at Woburn
- **iii. Sarah Kendall**
  - b. May 23, 1727 at Dunstable, Mass.
- **iv. Jacob Kendall**
  - b. Aug. 9, 1729 at Dunstable, Mass.; d. Mar. 1809 near Dunstable

- **v. Edward Kendall**
  - b. Aug. 10, 1731 at Dunstable, Mass.; d. Mar. 6, 1822, at Dunstable
  - b. 1736 at Dunstable, Mass.
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### 4. Temple Kendall
- **ma.** Mar. 23, 1756
- **b.** Aug. 10, 1731 at Dunstable, Mass.
- **d.** Mar. 6, 1822 at Dunstable, Mass.
- **b.** Feb. 12, 1732
- **d.** Jan. 7, 1820 at Dunstable

Temple was a lieutenant in the Revolution, Town Clerk at Dunstable and a Deacon in the church. Temple was living in 1845 and had several children at Dunstable-4 children settled in Dunstable, wealthy and respectable, one daughter ma. in Lowell-2 sons, twins, in Boston, 1845 carpenters-1 son Charles was dead at that time.

They had 10 children:

- **i.** Abigail Kendall  
  - **b.** Mar. 19, 1758
- **ii.** Elizabeth Kendall  
  - **b.** Feb. 8, 1760
- **iii.** Isaac Kendall  
  - **b.** Jan. 9, 1762  
  - d. before 1845
- **iv.** Zimri Kendall  
  - **b.** Sept. 20, 1763  
  - d. before 1845

### 5. Nathaniel Kendall
- **b.** Feb. 22, 1766 at Dunstable, Mass.
- **d.** Nov. 1, 1821 at Derby, Vermont.
- **b.** Oct. 18, 1769 at Ashburnham
- **d.** Apr. 10, 1859, at Derby, Vt.

Hannah was the daughter of John Kiebling and Katherine Wolfe, Germans who later changed their name to Kibling, which is their present name and we have a lot of relations descended from these in America. Nathaniel lived at Windsor, Vt., and he was familiarly called Deacon Kendall.

They had twelve children:

- **i.** Hannah Kendall  
  - **ma.** Nov. 24, 1811
  - **b.** Oct. 29, 1790 at Windsor, Vt.  
  - **b.** -- (see letter from Oren T. Kendall  
  - d. -- to C. Carpenter)
- **ii.** Olive Kendall  
  - **b.** Oct. 12, 1792 at Windsor, Vt.  
  - d. --
- **iii.** Isaac Newton Kendall  
  - **b.** Sept. 27, 1794 at Windsor, Vt.

- **iv.** Sylvia Kendall  
  - **ma.**  
  - **b.** Apr. 6, 1796 at Windsor, Vt.  
  - d. May 21, 1854 --
- **v.** Samuel Stillman Kendall, M.D.  
  - **ma.** 1825
  - **b.** Jan. 14, 1799 at Windsor, Vt.  
  - d. Feb. 4, 1856 at Georgeville, Can., buried at Coventry, Vt.  
  - Grandfather of Laura M. Kendall, Elmhurst, Ill.
  - **b.** Jan 19, 1800
  - d. Apr. 12, 1843

These were living [children i.-vi.] in 1845, well and prosperous.
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These five children all died of spotted fever on the farm outside of Derby, Vermont, in 1811

vii. Oren Kendall  b. Oct 24, 1802
viii. Laura Kendall  b. Mar. 24, 1805
ix. Lucius Kendall  b. --
x. Madison Kendall  b. --
xi. Emily Kendall  b. --

xii. Caroline Kendall  ma. 1832  William Blake
b. Oct. 13, 1814 at Derby, Vt.  b. --
d. June 14, 1876 at Derby, Vt.  d. --

b. Sept. 27, 1794 at Windsor, Vt.  b. Apr. 25, 1796 at Lebanon, N.H.
d. Mar. 28, 1871 at Caledonia Flats, Que.  d. Mar. 18, 1874 Potsdam, N.Y.

They evidently settled for a short time at Williston, Vt., moved to Derby on the Canadian border and shortly after to Stanstead, Lower Canada, again back to Derby and in 1825 moved to Montreal and May 10, 1825, moved to Buckingham. In 1832 moved back to Vermont to give the children some schooling. In 1832 they were back at Buckingham and about 1844 they moved to Caledonia Flats.

They had ten children:

i. Emily Kendall  ma. Nov. 7, 1837  Henry Knapp
b. June 3, 1814 at Williston, Vt.  b. Feb. 27, 1796 at Lebanon, N.H.
d. Jan 26, 1855 at Potsdam, N.Y.  d. Mar. 18, 1874 at Potsdam, N.Y.

They had seven children: Asa, Julia, Edwin, Harriet, Emma, Martha, and Ida

ii. William Corning Kendall  ma. 1840  Harriet Cook
b. Sept. 30, 1815 at Stanstead, Que.  b. --
d. -- 1895 at Buckingham, Que.  d. --

They had six children: Emily, Asa, Charlotte, Adelaide, Fannie, and Laura


iv. Sophronia Kendall  ma. Oct. 5, 1842  Philip Downing
b. Nov. 14, 1819 at Derby, Vt.  b. --
d. Oct. 26, 1899 at Caledonia Flats, Que.  d. --

They had eight children all born at Fenaghvale, Ontario.
1) Sarah Downing  b. Jan. 13, 1844
2) John Garrett Downing  b. Sept. 13, 1845
3) Harriet Downing  b. July 28, 1847
4) Ellen Downing  b. Aug. 7, 1849
5) Isaac Downing  b. Aug. 28, 1852
6) Hannah Downing  b. July 4, 1854
7) William Downing  b. Feb. 6, 1857
8) Emily Downing  b. Feb. 4, 1859

v. Laura Kendall  ma. July 10, 1843  Chauncy Gates
b. Sept. 1, 1824 at Derby Center, Vt.
d. Apr. 28, 1859 at Caledonia Flats, Que.

They had seven children:
1) William Gates
2) John Gates
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3) Isaac Gates
4) Dennis Gates
5) Fanny Gates
6) Mary Gates
7) Emma Gates

d. Dec. 20, 1912 at Potsdam, N.Y.
They had six children:
2) George Shuhael Gurley, b. Apr. 29, 1853 at Potsdam, N.Y.
3) Emma Achsal Gurley, b. Mar. 22, 1855 at Potsdam, N.Y.
4) Charles Nelson Gurley, b. June 7, 1858 at Potsdam, N.Y.
6) Cora Maria Gurley, b. Mar. 6, 1866 at Potsdam, N.Y.

8. vii. Dennis Leman Kendall
b. Apr. 19, 1833 at Buckingham, Que.

viii. Safford Kendall
b. May 3, 1836 at Buckingham, Que.
d. Aug. 5, 1836 at Buckingham, Que.

ix. Harriet Kendall
b. June 19, 1839 at Buckingham, Que.
d. July 28, 1839 at Buckingham, Que.

x. Babe
d. infancy - Sept. 2, 1824

7. Oren T. Kendall ma. Mar. 21, 1839 Eliza Brown
b. Sept. 14, 1817 at Beebe Plain, Que.
d. Apr. 22, 1907 at West Derby, Vt.
They had three children to grow up:
9. i. Jane Kendall b. about 1840
11. iii. James Kendall
Oren is reported to have been a wonderfully active man and held the pole-vaulting championship of the country when 60 years of age. He married his 2nd wife, Malinda Seavy Frost July 6, 1871.

8. Dennis Leman Kendall ma. Sept. 15, 1854 Elizabeth Carson
b. Apr. 19, 1833 at Buckingham, Que.
d. Nov. 2, 1912 at Vancouver, B.C.
They had twelve children:
12. i. Annie Laura Kendall b. June 10, 1856 at Buckingham, Que.
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Relationship</th>
<th>Birth Date</th>
<th>Birth Location</th>
<th>Marriage Date</th>
<th>Spouse</th>
<th>Death Date</th>
<th>Death Location</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>xi.</td>
<td>George Rockland Kendall</td>
<td>b. Feb. 11, 1874</td>
<td>Rockland, Ont.</td>
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<td>23.</td>
<td>xii.</td>
<td>Arthur Leman Kendall</td>
<td>b. May 22, 1876</td>
<td>Rockland, Ont.</td>
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9. Jane Kendall  
ma. Mr. Deering  
b. about 1840  
d. about 1890  
They had one daughter, Grace, b. about 1861

10. Isaac Newton Kendall  
ma. 1867 Eliza Brown Hall  
b. Feb. 16, 1842 at E. Templeton, Que.  
d. Sept. 27, 1918 at Westboro, Ont.  
b. Apr. 29, 1852 at N.N. Mills  
d. Jan. 6, 1881 at Buckingham, Que.  

Isaac was born at either E. Templeton or Coaticook, Que. He was considered the greatest sawmill designer and builder in America. Isaac was of a quieter disposition [than his sister Jane]; he was tall and well-built, dark eyes and curly hair, a student and inventor. He was religiously inclined, a member of the Baptist Church, and was a great engineer.

They had three children, one Stillman died in infancy:

i. James Oren Kendall  
ma. Oct. 28, 1908 Leah Jane Cardiff  
b. June 20, 1868 at N.N. Mills, Que.  
b. Jan. 8, 1874 at Admster, Ont.  

They have two children:
1) Marjorie Edith Kendall, b. Sept. 1, 1909 at Gerard, B.C.  
2) Edgar Cardiff Kendall, b. Nov. 27, 1912 at New Westminster, B.C.

ii. Adella Gertrund Kendall  
ma. Sept. 18, 1895 Edgar Lancelot Webber  
b. Oct. 23, 1873 at Blance Mills, Que.New Westminster, B.C.  
b. Mar. 21, 1868 at Woodstock, Ont.  
They have three children:  
1) Gertrude Vaughan Webber  
ma. Charles Alcock  
b. July 5, 1896 at New Westminster  
Dec. 7, 1927  
b. May 21, 1892 England  
Vancouver, B.C.  

Charles Alcock joined the 7th Battalion in 1914 and served with them in France through the entire war. Part time in 2nd War.

2) Evelyn Hall [Geraldine] Webber  
ma. Sept. 20, 1930 David Gordon Laird  
b. July 8, 1897 at New West., B.C.  
b. Oct. 10, 1889 at Bedeque, PEI  
Prince Edward Island, Can.  
David Laird joined the 56h Battery C.F.A., Feb. 1916 at Guelph, Ont., transferred to 55th in France in 1917. Wounded at Cambrai Aug. 28, 1918. In hospital until after armistice and was discharged at Charlottetown, PEI.

3) Lancelot Kendall Webber  
ma. May 11, 1942 Lorna Margaret Anderson  
b. Aug. 25, 1901 at parent’s home  
New Westminster, B.C.  
1511 Barclay St., Vancouver  
Lancelot Webber joined the 196th Western University Battalion in 1916 at the age of 15 years. Served with the 2nd C.M.R.’s in France. After Passchendael, where he was slightly gassed, he returned to Canada and was discharged because he was under age. Shortly after, he entered hospital where he remained some years trying to regain his health. He was discharged from hospital April 1927 and has been fairly active since then.
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Isaac Newton Kendall ma. his second wife, Jean Stuart. They had two children.

iii. Isaac Newton Kendall, Jr. ma. April 21, 1915
    Angga MacDonald
    b. Nov. 15, 1897 at Kingussie, Inverness-shire, Scot.

They had five children:
1) Jean Audrey Catherine Kendall, b. April 9, 1916
3) Dorothy Kendall, b. Sept. 21, 1919, d. May 8, 1921
4) Methilde Anga Donalda Kendall, b. July 6, 1922
5) Audrie Muriel Wilma Kendall, b. Aug. 22, 1926

    b. Oct. 8, 1884

They had five children:
1) John Ferguson Dewar ma. Mar. 25, 1936 Katherine Helen Brinckman
    b. Sept. 17, 1910 at Ottawa, Ont. b. Feb. 5, 1918
2) Elizabeth Kendall Dewar ma. Mar. 23, 1935 James Wright Davidson,
    b. Oct. 17, 1912 at Ottawa, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. b. June 12, 1913

They have three children: Jane [Elizabeth], b. April 3, 1937, Anne, and Robert
3) Eric Charles Dewar b. May 10, 1914 at Ottawa, Ont., flyer, killed during War

11. James Kendall ma. Annie Shurtliff
    b. 1846
    d. 1881, accident, McKay's Mills, Ont.

James was very active and in his younger days a rather wild young man, fighting for the fun of it. He was well scinned, as science went in those days, in boxing and wrestling and shanty style of fighting. My mother, Elizabeth Kendall, tells of an instance in Buckingham where her young servant girl came running into the house exclaiming, “Oh dear! that young thin-faced Kendall is fighting again.” He later joined the Northern Army in the Rebellion and was badly wounded in the leg, which was shortened and shrunken. He used to say, jokingly, that he got wounded running away and this impression was somewhat broadcasted, but there was absolutely no truth in it, as he got wounded through going into a garden which was under fire of the enemy, to eat berries, more for a dare than anything else. After this he became of a quieter and more thoughtful disposition. He became a successful millwright and mill foreman before his death, which came through accidentally stepping on a loose plank and falling from the building at MacKay's Mill while in charge of construction in 1881.

They had three children. The boy and two girls, last heard of in 1889 at Copper Cliff Mine, Ont. were living with their Grandmother. James was wounded in the American Civil War and was very lame.
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Descent from Dennis L. Kendall and Elizabeth Carson Kendall

Our [Charles Edmund Kendall] line of descent is through Dennis L. Kendall and Elizabeth Carson Kendall. Elizabeth Carson’s grandfather was a North Ireland Gentleman soldier. Her father was born in Londonderry, Ireland, about 1785 and migrated to Canada about 1812 with his wife. They were living at Gore Lochaber in 1833 and took up land at the Gore about one mile from the North Nation Mills. After Dennis and Elizabeth married they also took up land at Gore. Dennis worked for a man named Wells at Vanleek Hill in a foundry and machine shop, when he was fifteen, and later worked at Plantagenet, for a man named Hager in a sawmill and woodworking factory and flour mill, where he learned the millwright trade. He later went to Buckingham where he worked in the sawmills and married Elizabeth Carson. He built Gilmour’s Sawmill at Chelsea on the Gatneau River, W.C. Edwards Co., mill at Rockland, Cameron's Mills at the Blance near Thurso, North Nations Mills, etc. In 1877 he moved the family of twelve children to Texas.

The writer [C.E.K.] was 9 years old and remembers the first sight of a railway at Ottawa, then later, while waiting for train connections at Chicago some little boys called out “Oh look at the Indians” a quite natural conclusion as he was dressed in homespuns and beef skin moccasins. Another incident on this trip was when an elderly couple boarded the train in Missouri and seeing my four younger brothers and sisters all asleep on a bed made up on two seats, exclaimed “Well God bless the mother of those children” which brought forth an instant declaration from my sister Laura, then 19 years old, “Oh it's not me! it's not me!” They lived at Englewood, Calvert and Hearne but all suffered from malarial fever to such an extent that they moved back to North Nation Mills, Que., in May 1882, except Laura and Henry who remained in Texas, later moving to Thurso and Rockland, and in 1889 they moved to New Westminster and Vancouver, B.C. Dennis Kendall was a very strict father and was always a leader in Baptist Church work.

12. **Annie Laura Kendall**  
   ma. 1882  
   b. June 10, 1856 at Buckingham, Que. Calvert, Texas

They had seven children, one died in infancy:

i. **Bessie Victoria Williams**  
   ma. Sept. 1905  
   b. Mar. 2, 1884 at Hearne, Texas  
   b. Hearne, Texas

They have four children living in Texas: Hamlin, Olive, Fletcher, and George

ii. **Oren Milton Williams**  
   ma.  
   b. July 14, 1885 at Hearne, Texas; living in San Francisco, no children

Oren joined the U.S. Signal Service when the U.S.A. declared war. Oren was retained in U.S.A. as Sergeant Instructor.

iii. **Maude Williams**  
   ma. June 1900  
   b. Sept. 12, 1887 at Hearne, Texas  
   b. Hearne, Texas

They have two children: Laura Mae and Leman

iv. **Henry Parnell Williams**  
   ma.  
   b. Dec. 31, 1889 at Hearne, Texas

Henry joined the U.S. Signal Service when the U.S.A. declared war. Henry was sent overseas and was stationed in London, England, until the war ended, as wireless telegraph operator. They have one child, Carrol.

Married second wife, Laura Lawrence; Two children by second wife: Lawrence, Gay; Living in San Francisco

v. **Elsey Williams**  
   ma.  
   b. Dec. 25, 1891 at Hearne, Texas

Two children, Elsey and Carlyle died at age of two years. They have two children, Windall and Kendall [twins], b. Nov. 13, 1922, living at Hearne, Texas.
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b. Jan. 25, 1902 at Hearne, Texas Hearne, Texas
Living at Hearne, Texas. They have one child, Bonnie Joyce, b. Oct. 15, 1921.

13. William Dudley Kendall ma. Esther Burrett
They had one child:
   i. Elizabeth Kendall ma. 1919 George Fletcher
      b. about 1898 Ottawa, Ont. b. England
      They have two children. [penciled note-“murdered each other”-unclear whether the parents murdered each other or the children murdered each other] Fletcher went overseas to France with the Canadian Engineers.

   Living at Vancouver, B.C. d. 1907 at Vancouver, B.C.
They had five children:
   i. Herbert Stanley Kendall ma. Feb. 12, 1912 Florence Edith Miller
      Herbert Stanley Kendall went to France with the Canadian Engineers and saw active service in the trenches. He was wounded, but was soon back in the trenches and with the Canadian Army in Germany. They have two children:
         1) Helen Caroline Kendall b. Dec. 4, 1912 at Vancouver, B.C., living at Vancouver, B.C.
         2) Fredda Jane Kendall b. June 5, 1925 at Vancouver, B.C., living at Vancouver, B.C.
   ii. Elizabeth Alice Kendall ma. Oct. 16, 1907 Christopher Elkins
      b. Apr. 16, 1886 at N. N. Mills b. Dec. 25, 1885
      They have three children:
         1) Sidney Elkins b. Apr. 21, 1911, Living at Prince Rupert, B.C.
   iii. Leman Dennis Kendall [aka Lee] ma. 1920 Kate Shaw
      b. Feb. 27, 1888 at North Nations Mills; Living in California
      Leman Dennis Kendall went to France with the 102nd Battalion and was sergeant of runners and scouts. He was in the trenches until Passchendael where he was wounded. He later transferred to the Flying Corps and was with them till the end of the war.
   iv. Laura Regina Kendall ma. June 1, 1911 Jesse Patrick McMillan
      b. 24 May, 1890 at New Westminster, B.C. b. May 23, 1890 at Vancouver, B.C.
      They have one child: Kathryn McMillan, b. Aug. 18, 1914
   v. Alice Bertha Kendall ma. April 20, 1925 Harry Breen
      b. Nov. 25, 1894 at New West., B.C. Seattle
      They have one child: John Kendall Breen, b. Jan. 6, 1926, at Prince Rupert, B.C.

Isaac Newton Kendall married his 2nd wife, Clara Cross (Grierson) 1909
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15. James Albert Kendall
   b. Sept. 15, 1860 at Ottawa, Ont.
   Living at Ottawa, Ont. and had six children:
   i. Leslie Evans Kendall
      ma. June 12, 1917
      b. Oct. 24, 1887 at Charlemagne, Que.
      [C.E., B.Sc., Queen's]
      Living at Iroquois Falls, Ont., and have no children.
   ii. Sarah Elizabeth Kendall
       b. May 16, 1889 at Charlemagne, Que.; d. Sept. 16, 1896
   iii. Carrol [Carl] Dudley Kendall
        ma. June 26, 1913
        b. Aug. 9, 1890 at Charlemagne, Que.
        Living at Trail, B.C., and have four children:
        1) Elizabeth Ethel Kendall
           b. June 16, 1914
        2) James Carrol Kendall
           b. Jan. 11, 1916
        3) Winnifred Doreen Kendall
           b. Apr. 4, 1918
        4) Robert Sidney Kendall
           b. Dec. 8, 1921
       “Carl” is known all over Canada as a first class hockey star. He played with Ottawa, Wanderers, Calgary and Vancouver. He is now manager of the Trail team.
   iv. Carson James Kendall, MD
       ma. Oct. 20, 1917
       b. Jan. 17, 1892 at New Westminster, B.C.
       They have one child, Margaret Claire, b. May 2, 1922. Carson joined the Red Cross and went to France with the First Canadian Division and after the second battle of Ypres was sent back to Canada to complete his medical course, and received his MD from McGill University.
   v. Albert Richard Kendall
      ma. June 30, 1927
      b. Nov. 23, 1893 at Tappen Siding, B.C.
      Albert went overseas and served in France as a machine gunner. In 1917 he was with the Brigade machine gunners and later with the Motor Machine Gun Brigade and took part in the great battles with the Canadian from 1916-18. He was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant.
   vi. Mrylah Downing Kendall
       b. Sept. 13, 1905 at Ottawa, Ont.

16. Emma Florence Kendall
   b. Sept. 26, 1862 at Thurso, Blance Mills, Que.
   d. May 31, 1900 at New Westminster, B.C.
   John Campbell went overseas in 1916 with the Canadian Engineers but owing to his age was not allowed to go to France. A requisition was sent to his unit in England, December, 1917, ordering them to send him to the Forestry Corps in France, but he had been sent back to Canada and discharged from the Army.
   They had five children, two died in infancy:
   i. Kendall McDonald Campbell
      ma. May 22, 1914
      b. Sept. 4, 1889 at Toronto, Ont.
      Calgary
      Kendall Campbell went overseas with the 56th Battalion, Calgary, in 1916, and transferred to the 10th Battalion in France. Was seriously wounded at Vimy and again at Arras but rejoined his Battalion in time for the final advance into Germany.
      They had two children: Kenneth, b. Sept. 11, 1914; and Jean Kathleen, b. May 29, 1916, both Calgary, Alta.
   ii. Neill Campbell
       ma. Aug. 18, 1920
       b. Apr. 24, 1892 at New West., B.C.
       Neill Campbell joined the 102nd Battalion, in 1915, and reached the Ypres Salient, Belgium, about August 20, 1916. He was through practically every battle of the Canadians during 1916-17-18, and was
The Kendall Family in America

awarded the Military Medal after Passchendael. He was wounded at Cambrai, Oct. 1, 1918, and the war was over before he recovered and was able to return to his unit.

They have one adopted child, Roy Owen, b. May 12, 1925 at New Westminster, B.C.

iii. Roy [Pat] Campbell
b. Mar. 29, 1894 at New Westminster, B.C.
d. Oct. 8, 1926 at Tranquille Sanatorium, Tranquille, B.C.

Roy went overseas to France with the 47th Battalion, New Westminster, 1915, was gassed but did not enter hospital. His health broke down while with the Army of Occupation in Germany. He was returned to Canada where he entered hospital in which he died October 1926.

John McDonald Campbell married second wife Nellie Hoffar, Vancouver, B.C. They had two children, Jean and Nellie. Jean married Jo Dugald at Vancouver and they have one child, Kendall. Neil and Jean are living at New Westminster, B.C.

17. Rev. Oren Edwin Kendall
   ma. June 6, 1900 Ruthella More Day
   [B.A. Theology, McMaster 1900] Philadelphia, PA
   b. Feb. 8, 1864 at Chelsea, Que. [b. Apr. 2, 1870 at Mt. Carmel, PA]
   Baptist minister, now at Plainville, Mich.

   They have four children:
   b. Feb. 6, 1902 at Philadelphia, Pa Living at Tuinicu, Cuba

   ii. Faith Irene Kendall b. Feb 6, 1904 at Vernon, Ont.

   iii. Ella Cloward Kendall ma. July 5, 1927 Stuart Fraser Cork
   b. Aug. 29, 1905 at Plattsburg, N.Y. Toronto, Ont. [b. Mar. 18, 1897]
   [d. Aug. 22, 1950]

   iv. Oren Edwin Kendall
   B. Feb. 10, 1908 at Antrim, N.H. [BA N-Eastern]

18. Henry Hollingsworth Kendall
   ma. Cora Harris
   b. Nov. 11, 1866 at Chelsea, Que. b. Indianapolis
   d. Nov. 11, 1914 at Brownsville, Texas

Henry was killed by Mexicans who pulled the rails from the track in front of his engine. His fireman jumped calling Henry to do the same but he preferred to go to his death trying to save the passenger train from destruction. His engine rolled over but he slowed the train so the passenger cars remained on the track. “Pancho Villa” was leader of the Mexicans.

They had four children: Lyle, Myrabel, Genevieve and Cora.

19. Charles Edmund Kendall
   ma. Apr. 12, 1904 Martha Eoiline Hoffar

They had four children:
   i. Noble Edmund Kendall b. Jan. 9, 1907 at Waldo, B.C.
   ii. Anne Eoline Kendall b. Oct. 16, 1908 at Waldo, B.C.
   iii. Philip Charles Kendall b. Dec. 1, 1910 at Vancouver, B.C.

Charles joined the Gordon Highlanders of Canada and transferred and went to France with the 67th Battalion, “Western Scots”, as a machine gunner. Was in the trenches at Ypres, Somme and Vimy Ridge. Transferred in 1916 to 4th Division Intelligence Dept.. After Vimy was sent on special duty to the New Zealanders. After Messines Ridge, was sent to the Royal Engineers and later to the Canadian Forestry Corps to assist in speeding up production in lumber products all over France. Was wounded at Somme,
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gassed at Vimy and badly smashed up near Valenciennes two weeks before the armistice, Oct. 28, 1918. Reached Portland, Maine, May 1, 1919, on hospital ship and discharged from the army at Victoria, B.C., May 26, 1919, but took further hospital treatment for 6 months. Discharged “unfit for further service.”

20. **Mabel Sophronia Kendall** ma. July 20, 1891 Haliburon Peck
   d. accidently shot himself while hunting at Abbotsford, 1923

They had five children:

i. Avery Lorne Peck ma. Jan. 18, 1924 Kathryn Wrenn
   b. May 2, 1892 at New West., B.C. Abbotsford, B.C.
   They have two children:
   1) Lorne Gordon b. Jan. 20, 1925 at Vancouver, B.C., living at Prince Rupert, B.C.
   2) Shirley b. Sept. 4, 1927 at Prince Rupert, B.C., living at Prince Rupert, B.C.

ii. Donald Wesley Peck ma. Winnifred Eva Jacklin
   b. Apr. 30, 1894 at New West., B.C. Georgetown, B.C.
   They have three children:
   1) Betty Phyllis Peck b. Sept. 18, 1917
   2) Donald Wesley Peck b. Oct. 17, 1918

iii. Ruth Peck ma. Aug. 30, 1913 Rufus Seymour Wright
   b. Feb. 26, ---- at Vancouver, B.C. b. at Hopewell, N.B.
   They have two children:
   1) Muriel Constance b. Nov. 21, 1914
   2) Burton Willard b. July 3, 1917


   b. May 12, 1904 at Vancouver, B.C. Premier Mines, B.C.
   They had eight children:
      b. Oct. 16, 1893 at New Westminster, B.C b. of English parents
      Arthur Kelley went overseas with the 67th “Western Scots” Battalion, as a machine gunner and went through the battles fought from 1915-17. He transferred to the 102nd Battalion in 1917 and was very badly wounded at the taking of Passchendael Ridge, struck in the right breast with a piece of shell which went right through taking a piece of his right shoulder blade with it. He was carried out by his chum to a dressing station and after many months of severe illness was sent to Cardiff, Wales, and later invalided home to Canada and discharged from the army “unfit for further service.” He has fully recovered except that his right arm is somewhat stiff.

   ii. Clifford Darton Kelley ma. May 14, 1925 Ethel Maude Boyer
      b. Dec. 25, 1894 at New Wes., B.C. Vancouver, B.C.
      Clifford Kelley went overseas with the Canadian Field Artillery and had the honor of taking part in the last “Great Push” into Germany. He received both a B.A. and an M.A. [PhD Prof McGill]
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iii. Marguerite Victoria Kelley ma. Sept. 21, 1922 Robert Cecil Laing
b. July 14, 1897 at Vancouver, B.C.
Robert Cecil Laing served in the British Navy during the war.

iv. Wilfred Carson Kelley (B.A.) ma. Apr. 17, 1924 Harriet Edna McNeill
b. Feb. 20, 1899 at Vancouver, B.C.
Wilfred Kelley went overseas with the Canadian Field Artillery and had the honor of taking part in the last “Great Push” into Germany
They have two children:
1) Carson McNeill Kelley b. June 1925
2) Margaret Irene Kelley b. Aug. 29, 1927 at Vancouver, B.C.

v. Francis Harold Kelley b. Sept. 21, 1906 at Vancouver, B.C.


viii. Elizabeth Evelyn Kelley b. Apr. 24, 1915 at Vancouver, B.C.

22. George Rockland Kendall ma. Apr. 3, 1909 Louise Marie Radlet
b. Feb. 11, 1874 at Rockland, Ont. Seattle b. Aug. 6, 1883 at Dinant, Belgium
George received a B.Sc. from McGill. At the outbreak of the war, Aug. 1914, George offered his services to the Imperial Government War Department as an expert Chemical Engineer, but when in Montreal preparing to go to England he was stopped by the Canadian Government and was placed in charge of Munitions Inspecting at Montreal District.

They had five children:

i. Margaret Louise Kendall b. Feb. 3, 1910 at Vancouver, B.C.
ii. George Walter Kendall b. May 3, 1911 at Vancouver, B.C.
iii. Kelvin Ramsey Kendall b. May 31, 1913 at Vancouver, B.C.
v. Isobel Helen Kendall b. July 27, 1919 at Vancouver, B.C.

b. May 22, 1876 at Rockland, Ont. b. 1879 at Rockland, Ont.
d. Oct. 14, 1910 at Vancouver, B.C.
Doctor Arthur Leman Kendall was secretary of the Canadian Alpine Club and climbed Mt. Baker a few weeks before his death. He was attaining high rank as a physician and surgeon, especially with children, which was his specialty. He had a peculiar instinct with children that made him very successful in treating them.

They had three children:

i. Arthur Lloyd Kendall ma. Apr. 2, 1926 Constance Charlton Harding,
They have two children:
1) Robin Dirk Kendall
2) Constance Jill Kendall

ii. Francis Woodley Kendall b. Aug. 22, 1908 at Vancouver, B.C.

iii. Kathleen Nora Kendall ma. Urie Woodall
b. Aug. 22, 1908 at Vancouver, B.C. Los Angeles, Cal.
## The Kendall Family in America

### Descent from Samuel Stillman Kendall and Emily Colby Kendall

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<tr>
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<th>Samuel Stillman Kendall</th>
<th>ma. 1825</th>
<th>Emily Colby</th>
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<td></td>
<td>d. Feb. 4, 1856 at Georgeville, Can.,</td>
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<td>d. Apr. 13, 1843</td>
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<td>buried at Coventry, Vt.</td>
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They had six children: [nine children listed]

1. Samuel Colby Kendall ma. 1851 Mary Jones White
   - b. Mar. 23, 1827 at Coventry, Vt.
   - d. Sept. 1890 at Barnet, Vt.

2. Laura Colby Kendall ma. Sept. 31, 1853 Barney Deland Clarke
   - b. Sept. 29, 1829 at Coventry, Vt.

3. Emily Kendall
   - b. June 24, 1832 at Coventry, Vt.
   - d. Jan. 31, 1838 of scarlet fever

4. Sarah Lemira Kendall ma. William McFarland
   - b. Mar. 15, 1835
   - d. May 14, 1856 at Newton, Mass.
   - Lemira was thrown from a buggy while riding, soon after her baby was born. Nurse and baby were uninjured.

5. Katherine Kendall
   - b. Sept. 13, 1837
   - d. Mar. 28, 1842 of scarlet fever

   - b. Oct. 19, 1841
   - d. May 29, 1892
   - They had three children:
     1) Laura Mellisa Kendall b. Apr. 2, 1875 at Chicago, Ill.
     2) Nathaniel Huddleston Kendall ma. Oct. 6, 1904 Flora Hunt Stephens
        b. Sept. 14, 1877 at Chicago, Ill.
        b. Dec. 28, 1877 at Chicago, Ill.
     3) Ray Palmer Kendall b. Mar. 6, 1881 at Chicago, Ill.

7. Fletcher Redfield Kendall
   - d. Jan. 1, 1917

   - b. May 31, 1846
   - d. Sept. 15, 1818

   - b. Nov. 24, 1848
   - d. Mar. 9, 1891 at Rutland, Vt.
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Amos Kendall's line of descent

1. Francis Kendall
2. Jacob Kendall
3. John Kendall
   d. Feb. 18, 1809 at Dunstable, Mass.
   The had two children:
   i. John Kendall

27. ii. Zebedee Kendall

   d. Aug. 12, 1839 at Dunstable, Mass.
   Zebedee was a deacon in the Congregational Church at Dunstable, Mass. Very religious people.
   They had six children:
   i. Zebedee Kendall
   ii. George Minot Kendall
   iii. John Kendall
   iv. Samuel Kendall
28. v. Amos Kendall b. Aug. 16, 1789
   vi. Timothy
   These sons were all living in 1858, presenting an array of old men not common in the same brotherhood.

   d. Nov. 2, 1869 at Washington, D.C.

Amos Kendall [Zebedee5, John4, John3, Jacob2, Francis1], Postmaster General under President Jackson.
Amos had sons but none of them grew to manhood except William and unfortunately he was shot, when 22 years old, while walking along the street in Washington, D.C., just at the outbreak of the Civil War.
Amos was graduated from Dartmouth College about 1811, studied law and later entered journalism and was editor of a newspaper until President Jackson sent for him to take a position of Auditor at Washington, later appointing him Postmaster General. He resigned during Van Buren's term and associated himself with Professor Morse in the telegraph business until his death in 1868. Amos attended the free schools of Massachusetts and New Hampshire Ipswich Academy, and graduated from Dartmouth College, Hanover, N.H., 1811. He was a member of Calvary Baptist Church, Washington, D.C., and he founded the Orphan's Home in the same city.

They had four children:
   i. William shot and killed in Washington, D.C., 22 years old, Aug. 12, 1845
   ii. Adela, married Doctor F.B. Culver of Louisville, Ky. died May 1857.

Taken from the Biography of Amos Kendall
In 1811 a “mathematical prodigy” Zerah Colburn, was taken to Dartmouth University by his father and astonished the professors by answering complicated problems almost offhand. Zerah Colburn was 6 years old then, and had six fingers and toes. Later, in the same year, Amos Kendall was at Ipswich and telling Rev. J. Kendall, D.D., local preacher, about Zerah and he exclaimed, “Why he must be our cousin as I have never heard of a case where relationship could not be established.” Amos later found out that Zerah's Grandfather had married a Green, whose mother was a Kendall. [contemporary with Jacob Kendall's children, about 1713]
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The following notes and letters have been relocated from Charles E. Kendall's original manuscript in an effort to clarify lineages and consolidate narrative.

Items about Isaac Newton Kendall [#6, p. 5], by C.E.K.

Isaac Newton Kendall, my grandfather, came from Vermont into Canada while the war of 1812 was on. Vermont people were strongly antagonistic to the war against Canada and Isaac would have nothing to do with it. My mother used to tell me of the difficulties he experienced through the antagonism of Canadians against a "damn Green Mountain Yankee" as they called him. He, however, paid no attention to them except that once or twice he soundly thrashed men who were inclined to go beyond all bounds of insult, after which he became known as a man that it was well to leave alone. He was of medium heavy build, stood about 5 ft. 10 in. in his bare feet and weighed around 185 pounds. He was used to the hard labor of the pioneer. Mother used to tell of the early days at Buckingham - how grandfather used to haul a load of grain to the Basin with ox team, load the grain into a canoe and paddle 30 miles to Bytown where there was a grist mill at Rideau Falls, get his grain ground and paddle back to the Basin with his flour. On these trips he worked and travelled night and day without rest or sleep on the round trip.

The following is an extract from a letter written Feb. 10, 1904, at Coaticook, P.Q. by Oren T. Kendall [#7, p. 6] to Charles Carpenter at Derby, Vt. I, (C.E.K.), regret the original letter has been destroyed.

"In the winter of 1825, Isaac Newton Kendall, my father, moved from Derby, Vt., to Montreal, Que., and worked with Grandfather Corning and built a house in St. Lawrence suburbs and finished it about the first of May. There was an excitement about lumbering on the Ottawa River at that time and one Biglow, formerly of Derby Line, was commencing on the Riviere de Lievre or Rabbit River which empties into the Ottawa River 18 miles below the cities of Ottawa and Hull. Father, being well acquainted with Biglow and I suppose partly on his advice, decided to try pioneer life in the bush. Accordingly, about the 5th day of May, 1825, we made a move for up the river. Went to La Chine, nine miles, the first day in French carts. The next day we went in open batteau, propelled by men with sculling poles at the sides of the boat and working the length of the boat.

I remember our boat being drawn by the St. Ann's Rapids with three or four yoke of oxen and stayed overnight at Lake Two Mountains, in a tavern. The next day we arrived at Point Fortune. The next day we went twelve miles past the rapids in horse carts--woods all the way--just a road slashed out. We arrived at what is now called Hawksbury the next morning. We went on board a steamer called the Union, just finished, the first on the Ottawa River. We steamed away all that day and night until 10 o'clock the next morning, the 10th of May, 1825, we arrived at Buckingham Landing--42 miles--and had done first rate.

Father went that day back to Biglow's camp for a team of oxen and sled to move the family, so the next day we got to our journey's end, 100 miles in 6 days. We found a house of logs 12 by 15 ft., and a clearing of 1/2 acres. The rest all woods to the front 5 miles and north to the North Pole. Father worked for Mr. Biglow that summer, winter and next summer and during that time located 200 acres of wild land 3 miles father up the river. Moved on to it March 1827, and improved 30 or 40 acres. Finally sold out after seven years and moved to Ft. Covington to give the children some education as there was no school within 40 miles of us. I never saw a school house from the time I was seven until I was seventeen--then only two winters, and father moved back to Buckingham and worked for Mr. Biglow and kept a boarding house for a number of years."

Obituary

Kendall - After an illness extending nearly four months, Orrin [Oren] T. Kendall passed away on Monday morning, April 22nd, at the home of Mr. Herbert Ellis, in West Derby, Vt., with whom he had lived during the last ten years of his life.

In the removal of Brother Kendall, a life of great Christian usefulness was brought to a close, for he had
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been identified with the cause of Christ for nearly seventy-five years, and for many years had been a reader of the Canadian Baptist. Just before his death he gave the writer a brief history of his life, and in view of his long connection with the Church of Christ, and wide acquaintance in the Eastern Townships, a few of the facts may be interesting. Our deceased brother was a Canadian by birth, having first seen the light of day in Beebe Plain, Sept. 14, 1817. He was the son of Isaac and Harriett Kendall, of English and American descent. The first five years of his life were spent at Beebe Plain. From there parents and children move into Montreal, Que., and then up the Ottawa River, landing at what is now Buckingham, May 10, 1825.

Nine years were spent in Buckingham, when the family moved to Ft. Covington, N.Y. In a protracted meeting at this latter place in 1834, seventy-three years ago, he gave his heart to God. He was, in his own words, a wild youth, and with a number of comrades of like stamp, he went to those meetings with no purpose of becoming Christian. After some days of intense conviction of sin, grace conquered and he was saved. Then he was baptized in the Salmon River, Ft. Covington, with seven others. He next went to Canada, and for fifteen years was a wanderer from God, like the prodigal. About fifty years ago, he settled in Coaticook. When he went there as a backslider, he attended the Freewill Baptist Church, it being the only Baptist Church in the village at the time. Through the instrumentality of Deacon John Todd he was won back to God and to the church. In 1874, when the regular Baptist Church was organized, he became one of the charter members, and was very active in every good word and work for many years. He served as superintendent of the Sunday School, and also as deacon for over twenty years. In Nov. 1904, he removed to West Derby, and united with the First Baptist Church, Newport, Vt. His remains were brought back to Coaticook, and laid to rest by the ashes of his first wife. His was a good life, filled with service for God and man. He fully trusted Christ for his salvation, and rested calmly in Him. -J.J.W.

Items about Jane Kendall [#9, p. 7], by C.E.K.

Jane Kendall married a man named Deering and had a daughter, Grace, born about 1861, who used to come to our place [C.E. Kendall’s home] at North Nation Mills about 1872 when about 11 years of age. She was a very beautiful girl.

Jane was a great singer and taught at singing schools and sang as a professional singer at public concerts. She had a fine strong soprano voice. Isaac and James both had fine tenor voices and they all used to congregate at our place and with Father having a powerful bass voice and Aunt Abbie a lovely alto, they made a fine combination for anthems and sacred songs. James specialized, when alone, in singing darkie plantation songs, while Jane and Isaac were more for anthems.

Jane was very much like her brother, James, in looks and disposition, both fond of fun for fun’s sake, tall and slender but strong as steel.

Copy of letter written by S.S. Kendall [#24, p. 4 or 15] to his brother Isaac Newton Kendall, May 17, 1845, Coventry, Vt.

Dear Brother;

Your kind letter was duly received and I feel that I am in fault for not answering it before. I mentioned to you that I was about to undertake a journey for Laura’s [his daughter] benefit. In the course of it, we visited friends in Stratford, Woodstock, Cavendish, Chester, Ashburnham, Dunstable and Boston. Your anxieties I am sure will be excited to know something respecting our relatives in the different places above mentioned and I will mention particulars as this sheet may allow.

The death of Uncle Rood, Uncles Abraham and Isaac Kendall, Uncle Jacob Kibling and Uncle Zimmie Kendall and Cousin Henry Rood, you have probably been told of as they all took place some years since. I will here mention that I called and spent a night at Cousin Smith’s in Elinore. For the first time in my life I found them in health and comfortable circumstances, with the exception of Aunt Rood. She has
been sick for many weeks and was then feeble and had not the expectation nor as I thought the prospect of recovering much health. I am sorry to say I have not heard from her since. Of the Rood family none remains at Hailand except Henry’s widow. She is living upon the old farm where Uncle Rood lived and died, and was about settling a debt of $300.00 with a kind man who perhaps for want of their ox was about to take the body, although she is at least twenty years older than himself. Benjamin F. is in Western New York. Has a large family and is very poor. Nancy is living at Hailand Corners with a poor drunken husband and one child. Did not see her.

We called at Cousin Stillman Kibling’s in Stratford. His family consisted of a wife and three daughters, one of them a beautiful girl of sixteen is since gone to the Spiritland. Found the aged aunt at his house very much broken who could tell us little more than circumstances connected with her very numerous progeny. Called on some of her children but could not spare time enough to see all of them. They have large families generally, are a numerous race and respectable. Went the next day to South Woodstock and arrived at Cousin Jason Kendall’s at 3 o’clock with the intention of tarrying long enough to make a good visit and give Laura an opportunity to rest, but judge of my surprise on finding his best room filling up with Second Advents people who were assembling for a meeting and himself entirely carried away with the Miller nonsense. He was much confined to Millerism in his conversation as a maniac is to the subject of his particular hallucinations and could but think that he was a fair candidate for an insane hospital. He treated me I say kindly and urged me to stay and spend the Sabbath with him but knowing that a prolong [sic] visit could not be pleasant to either of us, I left after a stay of two hours. Drove to a tavern in Reading and put up for the night and felt quite releaved. Jason is wealthy, has no family but a wife and if he is disposed to squander his property in feeding that deluded posse, I will have but little feeling about it since there are no children to cry.

Aunt Nabby was still living, was in the last stages of decrepitude and her intellect pretty much gone. Caleb remains at Windsor, Charles is at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., Benjamin F. has been in Virginia for some years past. He has at this period of life, 45 years of age, completed the study of law and is about moving to Indiana to practise his profession. Hosea is at Chicago, running a boarding house. Called upon Uncle John Kibling in Chester, Uncle and Aunt Ingraham were still living but did not see them. Uncle Henry died in January before I visited his widow at Ashburnham. Found her comfortably situated in regard to property for her support, in good health and very smart for one of her years. Found Cousin John Kibling and family in the same neighborhood and stopped with them over night.

I proceeded to Dunstable. Uncle Temple was quite smart. Respecting his children, Charles is dead, four of them settled in Dunstable very prosperous and respectable. One daughter is married to a man in Lowell, Mass., two of the sons, twin brothers, are located in Boston and are good mechanics and two daughters are maidens and on the wrong side of thirty. Made a stay of eight days in Boston and left Laura in the care of a physician.

The rest of the family was well and in usual health. Mother has just left my house after a visit of eight weeks, is pretty well. Brother and Sister Daggett visited us yesterday, they are well and prosperous. My wife joins me in sending love to your sick wife and children.

From your affectionate brother,
S.S. Kendall

Letter from George Adami (Professor of Physiology at McGill University) to Arthur L. Kendall, MD
[#23, p. 14], Jan. 5, 1908.

My Dear Kendall:
I have been wondering for a long time where you had got to and wanting to know because I have some interesting news to communicate, quite interesting in fact, but no one at McGill could tell me. Fortunately Gordon turned up the other day looking most fit and flourishing and he told me that sure
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enough you were settled in Vancouver and doing well there.

You will remember that you offered to supply me with a fuller genealogy of your family. On the strength of that offer, when about two years ago Doctor Brockbank of Manchester, Eng., asked me to contribute an article to the Manchester Medical Chronical of which he is the editor, I wrote telling him that I hoped to send him one on polydactylism and heredity. I thought that you and your family would prefer that such an article, if written, should be published at a distance and that here was the opportunity. Even then it seemed to me that it would be better not to mention the name in full. In writing to Brockbank personally I did not hesitate to mention it. He was keenly interested--so much so that he volunteered to make inquiries in England to see if any of the English branches of the family manifested the same property and whether therefore the polydactyl tendency could be carried to still further generations.

Carrying out this idea he wrote to every Kendall he could hear of, took the Clergy List, Legal and Social Directories, and sought out every professional member of the family throughout Great Britain. For a long time he only obtained negative replies, then he came on the scent of a family at or near Tamworth in Staffordshire. In these William K. had two thumbs on his hand. His brother had a family, Thomas, John and Maria. Thomas had supernumerary thumb through life. I cannot make, from his correspondence, about John (who was the informant). Maria, now Mrs. Taylor, had two extra fingers removed in childhood. John knew nothing of his family beyond his Grandfather who was said to be Tamworth bred, and this Grandfather is said to have had no abnormalities.

Among the other correspondents was a Mr. N.J. Kendall of 84 Raglen Road, Smethwick. He wrote on Feb. 21, 1906 - “I have been making enquires re polydactylism in my family. There has certainly been no case during the last century, and there is not mention of it before that date and as the family records are fairly complete since 1570, I think if it had been at all common, etc... I can find no record of members leaving England in 1620. For about a hundred years including that time [1620] my family went under the name of Baines to escape political and religious persecution.

P.S. In 1620 the family was living at Ribbleton and Fulwood near Preston, Lancashire.” On Sept. 8, 1907, the same correspondent writes “last week whilst in Preston, Lancashire, I met a cousin [daughter of my father's brother] who having been in Spain for some years, I had practically lost sight of. She was born with 6 digits on the left hand. She has never heard of another such case. I have also discovered that two members of our family migrated to America in or about 1620. And further, on Sept. 24, 1907, he wrote, “It is very probably that the Tamworth Kendalls are of your family as we have always been a prolific race but owing to a large proportion joining the priesthood there are not a very large number of us now. If you can discover anything of their pedigree you may be able to trace this line back to our stock, an account of which you will find in Gillow's Dictionary of English Catholics, if you have access to that book. If Gillow is not sufficiently detailed I can probably fill in the blank.”

There now, isn’t that interesting? and don’t you think it is worth following up?

Doctor Brockbank inserted the following in the British Medical Journal on his own initiative, “I am assisting Professor J.B. Adami in tracing out a curious history of Polydactylism occurring in an old English family and shall be much obliged if any on reading this journal can assist me in this matter. I think I may say without a breach of professional etiquette that the name of the main [sic] is a two syllable one, the first being Ken--. Any information sent direct to me will be much appreciated.

Signed, E.M. Brockbank

All hearty greeting for the year that has opened and may you flourish abundantly,
Yours very sincerely,
Geo. Adami
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[Note by C.E. Kendall] I wrote Dr. Brockbank in October 1927 to find if he had received any further information and his reply stated he had not, and further stated Dr. Adami had died in Liverpool in 1926, while at the University of Liverpool. Dr. Brockbank further advised me to look up Dr. Adami’s works on Pathology where he had treated the subject of extra digits very fully. See extract next page. I have written the University of Liverpool in the hope of recovering the correspondence between Arthur and Dr. Adami.

See Inst. Chronicles-20th Chapter-6th verse for first mention of extra digits.

Extract from Dr. Adami’s book on Pathology

I owe to an old student a remarkable case of the heredity transmission of family defects, which will illustrate many of the points here referred to. In 1620 two brothers landed from England and settled at Woburn, Mass., and these, according to family history made two sister. The family and the descendants of the one brother have since then shown no abnormalities; the children of the brother NX himself, according to tradition, polydactyly, polydactyly presented itself. He had ten son, whose descendants are now scattered through North America. For the next two generations it was dormant, or at least there are no records of its existence.

In the direct line of my informant it has indeed been dormant for three generations. His Great Grandfather was free though other member of that generation were affected. His Grandfather was also free as was his father, altho an Uncle and Aunt were affected. Of his father’s twelve children, eight were affected, the condition being for the first time complete in himself. By complete is here meant that not only did the condition affect all his members so that he had six finger and six toes, but all the accessory digits were perfectly complete. Another characteristic of the family history is that whereas the daughters of the family may show the effect, it tends to die out with them; their children have normal digits.

In this way, according to our patriarchal method of determining the family, the defect tends to remain familiar, descending only through the males.

The potency of the “blood” of this family is, in other respects, strongly pronounced. There is a succession of large families and the different members exhibit a great family likeness, so great that my informant could salute a stranger travelling in the West, “Good morning, Mr. X” and have him return the salute, “Good morning, Mr. X” with the further remark “I see you have the family sign (Referring to his six fingers). [Refers to Arthur meeting Ezra Kendall, the actor, at Blaine about 1905]. I do not possess, but my father did, and so does one of my eight children.” An on enquiry, the cousinship between the two was found to be at least beyond the third degree of removal. The following exhibits the genealogy of my informant’s branch of the family; A careful enquiry made by my friend, Dr. Brockbank of Manchester, Eng., has succeeded in bringing to light a family of the same name in England, two members of which migrated to America in or about 1620, and in this at least one member of the present generation exhibits polydactyly.

It is evident, therefore, that the tendency preceded the emigre of 1620, and may have originated much earlier. There are, indeed, indications that the tendency may be traceable back to earlier than 1500.